Public/private

WA-I-486
MASON-DIXON LINE: MILESTONE NO. 101(104)
Reid, Maryland

1767 (reset 1902)

Milestone No. 101(104) is an original milestone of 1767, in very good condition, unaltered, at its original site where it was reset/more securely at the time of the 1900-03 Resurvey of the Maryland-Pennsylvania boundary. It marks Mason and Dixon's 101st horizontal mile west of the northeast corner of Maryland, the beginning of their 230.228-mile West Line, longest of the survey lines run and marked during their 1763-68 commission to define the boundary between the English provinces of Maryland and Pennsylvania. As with all original West Line monuments, this milestone is an embellished colitic limestone post with a low pyramidal top, quarried and carved in England, and said to have originally measured about 12 inches square by about 4½ fett long, cut to stand about 3 feet high, with the base left rough-cut for setting into the ground. The distinguishing decorative features are the vertical fluting with horizontally-fluted margins on all four sides and the Roman capital letters P on the north side facing Pennsylvania and M on the south side facing Maryland, each V-sunk in the center of a shallow plain circle panel near the top. It continues to stand firmly as set in 1902, about 1½ feet above the concrete foundation, but measures about 12% inches/on the north and south sides, about 11 inches wide on the east and west sides. The letters, circle panels, most fluting and margins, top planes with fluting: all remain clear and intact, though weathered, except for the west side chips along the edges and/across the On the national and state levels, No. 101(104) is significant primarily as one of 135 original monuments in the thematic group series of some 248 markers still defining the West Line, the boundary later known as the Mason-Dixon Line, famous for its historical impact and innovative survey methods. Locally, as one of 48 original monuments marking the present Washington/Franklin-Fulton county boundary (10 crownstones; 38 milestones), it is also significant as one of a diminishing number of objects and structures with a visually identifiable relationship to the colonial and Civil War heritage of these counties.

### INVENTORY FORM FOR STATE HISTORIC SITES SURVEY

1 NAME HISTORIC	SOUNDARY MARKERS ALONG THE MASON-DIXON LINE (THEMATIC GROUP) (Mason and Dixon's) WEST LINE, 101st Mile Stone				
AND/OR COMMON MASON-DIXON		,	arvey Monument No. 104)		
2 LOCATIO	N (not for publ:	ication)			
STREET & NUMBER	off north side	e of Reid Road			
CITY, TOWN	Reid	VICINITY OF	CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT		
STATE	Maryland	THE PROPERTY OF	COUNTY MD: Washington/PA: Franklin		
3 CLASSIFI	CATION		•		
CATEGORYDISTRICT	OWNERSHIP X_public	STATUS N/A	PRESENT USE  _AGRICULTUREMUSEUM		
BUILDING(S)STRUCTURE	PRIVATE BOTH	UNOCCUPIEDWORK IN PROGRESS	COMMERCIALPARKEDUCATIONALPRIVATE RESIDENCE		
SITE	PUBLIC ACQUISITION		EDUCATIONALPRIVATE RESIDENCE ENTERTAINMENTRELIGIOUS		
X_OBJECT	IN PROCESS	XYES: RESTRICTED	GOVERNMENTSCIENTIFIC		
	BEING CONSIDERED  Xnot applicable	YES: UNRESTRICTEDNO	industrialtransportation military X OTHER state boundary market		
		monwealth of Pennsylva	natic Group NR nomination formania elephone #:		
CITY, TOWN		STATE, zip code			
5 LOCATIO	N OF LEGAL DES	CRIPTION (see Thema	atic Group NR nomination form		
COURTHOUSE, REGISTRY OF DEEDS	Folio #:				
STREET & NUMBER					
CITY, TOWN	STATE				
6 REPRESE	NTATION IN EXI	STING SURVEYS (al	so see Thematic Group NR,		
TITLE	TATION IN EXISTING SURVEYS (also see Thematic Group NR nomination form) Washington County Historic Sites Inventory				
DATE	WA-I-486 entered 2/24/81federal X_statecountylocal				
DEPOSITORY FOR SURVEY RECORDS	Maryland Histori	Maryland Historical Trust			
CITY, TOWN	Annapolis	STATE Maryland			
		<del></del>			



#### CONDITION

CHECK ONE

**CHECK ONE** 

\_EXCELLENT

\_\_FAIR

\_\_DETERIORATED
\_\_RUINS
\_\_UNEXPOSED

X\_UNALTERED
\_\_ALTERED

XORIGINAL SITE
\_\_MOVED DATE\_\_\_\_\_

### DESCRIBE THE PRESENT AND ORIGINAL (IF KNOWN) PHYSICAL APPEARANCE

Milestone No. 101(104) marks Mason and Dixon's 101st horizontal mile west of the northeast corner of Maryland, the beginning of their 230.228-mile West Line. It is an original milestone of 1767, in very good condition, unaltered; standing about 1½ feet high, at its original site, preliminarily surveyed in 1765, set two years later, and reset more securely in 1902 during the 1900-03 Resurvey of the Maryland-Pennsylvania boundary.

The area here is a broad, fertile, comparatively level/expanse of family farmlands, very sparsely settled, with few trees except for several small orchards. The site is within Election District 27 of Washington County, MD, and Antrim Township of Franklin County, PA; west of the Western Maryland Railroad and off the west edge of the scattered settlement of Reid, MD; at a point about 2200 feet north of Reid Road at the junction of the Preston Martin farm lane (about 1600 feet north of the farmhouse), Wayne end of a long farm service lane, and about 1 foot north of an east-west wire fence separating two farmed fields just west of utility pole #51. It cannot be seen from any main road but is visible from the end of the farm service lane, all seasons, and is protected by the fencing as well as the surrounding property owners.

The milestone, as with all original Mason and Dixon West Line monuments, is an/oolitic limestone post, with a pyramidal top in England, and said to have originally measured about 12 inches square by about 4½ feet long, cut to stand about 3 feet above ground with the base left rough-cut for setting into the ground. The distinguishing decorative features are the vertical fluting with horizontally-fluted margins on all four sides, and the Roman capital letters P on the north side facing Pennsylvania and M on the south side facing Maryland, each V-sunk in the center of a plain shallow circle panel near the top. Reset in 1902 to stand about 1½ feet high, it remains the same, although the stone measures about 12½ inches wide on the north and south sides, about 11 inches on the east and west sides. The letters, circle panels, most fluting and margins, top planes with fluting intact, though weathered. The west side has several shallow chips, and the west vertical edges are noticeably chipped.

(see Thematic Group National Register nomination form for full descriptions of the original Mason and Dixon monuments and the 1900-03 Resurvey method of resetting them)

CONTINUE ON SEPARATE SHEET IF NECESSARY

PERIOD	AREAS OF SIGNIFICANCE CHECK AND JUSTIFY BELOW				
REHISTORIC	_ARCHEOLOGY-PREHISTORIC	COMMUNITY PLANNING	_LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE	ERELIGION	
.400-1499	ARCHEOLOGY-HISTORIC	CONSERVATION	_LAW	SCIENCE	
1500-1599	AGRICULTURE	ECONOMICS	LITERATURE	SCULPTURE	
_1,600-1699	ARCHITECTURE	EDUCATION	MILITARY	_SOCIAL/HUMANITARIAN	
¥1700-1799	ART	ENGINEERING	MUSIC	THEATER	
X1800-1899	COMMERCE	X_EXPLORATION/SETTLEMENT	PHILOSOPHY	_TRANSPORTATION	
<b>X</b> 1900-	COMMUNICATIONS	INDUSTRY	X_POLITICS/GOVERNMENT	X OTHER (SPECIFY)	
		_INVENTION		boundary surveying	
SPECIFIC DAT	ES 1767 (rese	t 1902) Namen kara	MXXXX Charles Maso	on & Jeremiah Dixon	

SURVEYORS

#### STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

Milestone No. 101(104) is significant on the national and state levels primarily as one of 135 original Mason and Dixon monuments in the thematic group series of some 248 markers still defining their 230.228-mile West Line, the boundary later known as the Mason-Dixon Line, famous for its historical impact and innovative survey methods. The site was preliminarily surveyed in 1765 and milestone set two years later, where it remains in place, although reset more securely in 1902 during the 1900-03 Resurvey of the Maryland-Pennsylvania boundary. Locally, as one of 48 original monuments marking the present Washington/Franklin-Fulton county boundary (10 crownstones; 38 milestones), No. 101(104) is also significant as one of a diminishing number of objects and structures with a visually identifiable relationship to the colonial and Civil War heritage of these counties.

HISTORY AND SUPPORT (see Thematic Group National Register nomination form)

CONTINUE ON SEPARATE SHEET IF NECESSARY

# 9 MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES

(see Thematic Group National Register nomination form)

#### CONTINUE ON SEPARATE SHEET IF NECESSARY

### **10 GEOGRAPHICAL DATA**

ACREAGE OF NOMINATED PROPERTY less than one acre

Quadrangle name: Hagerstown (Maryland-Pennsylvania), USGS 7.5 minute series

(topographic), 1953/photorev 1971, scale 1:24000

UTM reference: zone 18, easting 26926, northing 440003

VERBAL BOUNDARY DESCRIPTION N/A

LIST ALL STATES AND COUNTIES FOR PROPERTIES OVERLAPPING STATE OR COUNTY BOUNDARIES

STATE

Maryland

COUNTY

Washington

STATE

Pennsylvania

COUNTY

Franklin

## 11 FORM PREPARED BY

NAME/TITLE
Alice Martin (volunteer, Mason & Dixon's West Line boundary marker surveyor)

CITY OR TOWN Phoenix	STATE Maryland 21131
STREET & NUMBER 14308 Mount Avenue	TELEPHONE 301/472-2128
ORGANIZATION Maryland Historical Trust & Maryland Geological S	Survey 10/13/80 (site surveyed)

The Maryland Historic Sites Inventory was officially created by an Act of the Maryland Legislature, to be found in the Annotated Code of Maryland, Article 41, Section 181 KA, 1974 Supplement.

The Survey and Inventory are being prepared for information and record purposes only and do not constitute any infringement of individual property rights.

RETURN TO: Maryland Historical Trust

The Shaw House, 21 State Circle

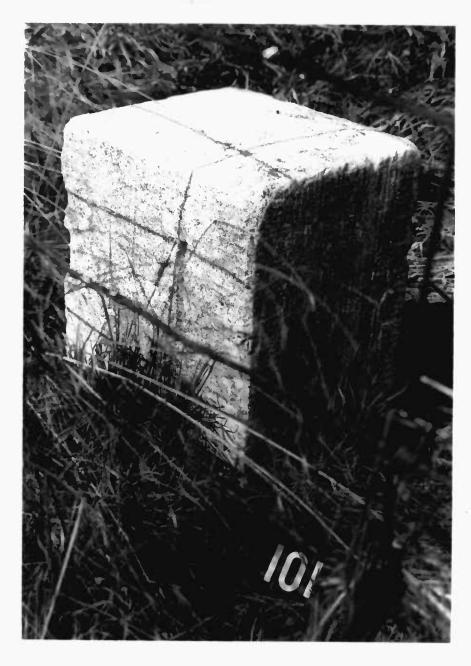
Annapolis, Maryland 21401

(301) 267-1438

WA-I-486 MASON EDIKON WEST LINE; MILESTONE NO. 101 (104 UNITED STATES HAGERSTOWN QUADRANOLE
MARYLAND-PENNSYLVANIA
US65 T.5 HINUTE SERIES (TOPOGRAPHIC)
1953 PHOTOREV.1971 SCALE: 1"=2000" DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS 5-63 I SW (GREENCASTLE) 270 42'30" Hollowell 0 0 Wingerton Big Spring PENNSYLVANIA
PENNSYLVANIA 105 MARYLAND Paradise Ch



ORICINAL (1767)



ERIGINAL (1767)